MISSISSIPPI LEGISLATURE

By: Representatives Owen, Stamps

To: Judiciary A

HOUSE BILL NO. 1351 (As Sent to Governor)

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 89-5-8, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 1 2 REGULATE THE EXECUTION OF SCRIVENER'S ERROR AFFIDAVITS FOR PROPERTY DEEDS; TO CREATE THE "MISSISSIPPI ARCHITECTS AND 3 4 ENGINEERS GOOD SAMARITAN ACT"; TO PROVIDE IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY 5 FOR ANY CIVIL ACTIONS ARISING FROM WORK PERFORMED BY ARCHITECTS OR 6 ENGINEERS AT THE REQUEST OF AN ELECTED OFFICIAL DURING A STATE OF EMERGENCY; TO PROVIDE THAT THE IMMUNITY PROVIDED BY THIS ACT SHALL 7 ONLY APPLY TO SAFETY ASSESSMENT SERVICES; AND FOR RELATED 8 9 PURPOSES.

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:

11 SECTION 1. Section 89-5-8, Mississippi Code of 1972, is

12 amended as follows:

89-5-8. (1) Any affidavit containing a statement relating 13 14 to the identification, the marital status, the heirship, the relation, the death or the time of death of any person who is a 15 16 party to a document affecting the title to real property, or any 17 affidavit relating to the identification of any corporation or 18 other legal entity which is a party to a document affecting the 19 title to real property, signed by the affiant and verified upon 20 oath or affirmation before a notarial officer, shall be recordable 21 in the land records in the office of the chancery clerk in the 22 county where the real property is situated.

23 Notice of a typographical or other minor error in a (2)(a) document affecting the title to real property may be given by 24 25 recording an affidavit containing a statement of scrivener's 26 error. If an affidavit is conspicuously identified as an affidavit of scrivener's error, the chancery clerk shall index the 27 28 affidavit in the general index under the names of the original 29 parties to the document if they are identified in the affidavit, and in the sectional index as provided in the indexing 30 instructions of the affidavit. Notice of the corrective 31 32 information provided by the affiant is effective upon recordation. 33 An affidavit under this paragraph (a) may be prepared only by an attorney licensed to practice law in this state * * *. 34

35 (b) * * * The affidavit of scrivener's error shall be 36 executed and acknowledged by the affiant and verified upon oath or 37 affirmation before a notarial officer, and shall be recordable in the land records in the office of the chancery clerk in the county 38 39 where the real estate is situated. The affidavit shall recite: 40 (i) the name and Mississippi bar number of the affiant attorney, 41 (ii) the instrument containing clerical error, and (iii) a 42 statement that the affiant is in good standing with The 43 Mississippi Bar, is licensed to practice law in the State of Mississippi, and that his or her license is active at the time of 44 45 verification or affirmation. Any affidavit of scrivener's error

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46 recorded that is not executed by an attorney licensed to practice 47 law in the State of Mississippi, and who prepared any document in 48 the chain of title to the subject real property, regardless of the 49 date of recording shall be void.

50 (c) * * * The chancery clerk shall make a marginal
51 notation on the document to which the affidavit refers.

52 Where title to homestead property is in the titled (3) 53 spouse, the nontitled spouse, in lieu of joining the titled spouse 54 in executing a conveyance, mortgage, deed of trust or other 55 encumbrance upon a homestead, may file an affidavit of 56 nonhomestead verified upon oath or affirmation that either: (a) 57 the nontitled spouse, together with the titled spouse, freely and 58 voluntarily abandoned the old homestead and secured and currently 59 together occupy a new homestead residence; or (b) the nontitled 60 spouse freely and voluntarily separated from the titled spouse 61 with no intent to return to the titled spouse or to reside with 62 the titled spouse, either temporarily or permanently, on the titled spouse's homestead, and the nontitled spouse currently 63 64 maintains and occupies a separate residence.

(4) A person who knowingly makes or causes to be made a false statement in an affidavit is guilty of perjury and liable for the actual damages suffered or incurred by any person as a result or consequence of the making of or reliance upon the false affidavit. The court may award punitive damages, costs and attorney's fees.

(5) From and after July 1, 2021, an affidavit recorded under this section must include a description of the real property covered by the affidavit.

(6) Any affidavit so recorded, or a certified copy thereof, shall be admissible as evidence in any action involving the document to which it relates or the title to the real property affected by the document and shall be prima facie evidence of the facts stated therein and the marketability of the title to real property.

80 <u>SECTION 2.</u> (1) This section shall be known and may be cited 81 as the "Mississippi Architects and Engineers Good Samaritan Act."

82 (2) As used in this act, the following words shall have the83 meanings described in this section:

84 (a) "Building inspection official" means any appointed
85 or elected federal, state, or local official with executive

86 responsibility to coordinate building inspection in the

87 jurisdiction in which the emergency or event has occurred;

(b) "Emergency" means an earthquake, eruption, flood,
storm, hurricane, fire or other catastrophe that has been
designated as a major disaster or emergency by the President of

91 the United States, the Governor, or other public official, and

92 shall include the terms "State of Emergency" and "Local emergency"

93 as defined in Section 33-15-5;

94 (c) "Good Samaritan" means a professional engineer or a
 95 registered architect who performs safety assessment services only,

96 and who provides such services uncompensated (other than 97 reimbursement of expenses) at the scene of an emergency; 98 (d) "Law enforcement official" means any appointed or elected federal, state, or local official with executive 99 responsibility to coordinate law enforcement in the jurisdiction 100 101 in which the emergency or event has occurred; 102 (e) "Professional engineer" means a person duly 103 licensed under the engineering licensure laws of a United States 104 or Canadian jurisdiction as a professional engineer; 105 (f) "Public official" means any federal, state, or 106 local official with executive responsibility in the jurisdiction 107 in which the emergency or event has occurred; 108 (g) "Public safety official" means any appointed or 109 elected federal, state, or local official with executive 110 responsibility to coordinate public safety in the jurisdiction in 111 which the emergency or event has occurred; 112 (h) "Registered architect" means a person duly licensed 113 under the architectural licensure laws of a United States or 114 Canadian jurisdiction as a registered architect; and 115 (i) "Safety assessment services" means inspection and 116 evaluation of any structure, building, facility, project utility, 117 equipment, machine, process, piping, or other system at the scene 118 of an emergency related to structural integrity or nonstructural 119 elements affecting life, safety and habitability.

H. B. No. 1351 **~ OFFICIAL ~** 22/HR31/R1731SG PAGE 5 (GT\JAB) 120 (3) (a) Any registered architect or professional engineer 121 who provides safety assessment services as a Good Samaritan at the 122 request of or with the approval of a public official, law 123 enforcement official, public safety official, or building inspection official acting in his or her official capacity as such 124 125 shall be immune from liability from any civil action arising only 126 from an act, service or omission performed in the course of 127 providing safety assessment services as a Good Samaritan. The 128 immunity provided in this act shall apply only to safety 129 assessment services if, such services: (i) occurred during the 130 emergency or within ninety (90) days following the end of the 131 period for the emergency, unless extended by an executive order; 132 and (ii) if the architect or engineer was acting as a reasonably 133 prudent person would have acted under the same or similar 134 circumstances during a period of declared emergency, to include 135 any other loss of any other nature related to the registered 136 architect's or professional engineer's acts, errors or omissions 137 in the performance of any architectural or engineering services for any structure, building or facility during the declared period 138 139 of emergency. 140 (b) Architectural or engineering services beyond safety 141 assessment services including, but not limited to, design of 142 repairs, demolition plans, construction documents, or construction 143 administration shall only be undertaken by an architect or 144 professional engineer licensed in Mississippi.

145 (c) Nothing in this act shall be construed to provide immunity for wanton, willful, or intentional misconduct. 146 (4) Any architect or professional engineer not licensed in 147 this state acting within the confines of this act as a Good 148 149 Samaritan in order to perform safety assessment services shall be 150 exempted from being required to be licensed as an architect or professional engineer in the State of Mississippi, but only to the 151 152 extent of the services rendered for the period of time as provided 153 for in subsection (4) of this act. SECTION 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from 154 155 and after July 1, 2022.